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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/500,132	09/500.132 02/08/2000		Kiyoshi Iseki	11197/1	2161	
26646	7590	12/19/2003		EXAMINER		
KENYON		ON	SIMONE, CATHERINE A			
ONE BROA NEW YORK		0004		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1772		
				DATE MAILED: 12/19/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Appli	cation No.	Applicant(s)								
i	:. c	09/5	00,132	ISEKI ET AL.								
Office Action Summary			niner	Art Unit								
		Cathe	erine Simone	1772								
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address											
Period fo												
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNING SIZE OF THIS COMMUNING THE PROPERTY OF	NICATION. ns of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In nmunication. (30) days, a reply within th statutory period will apply ly will, by statute, cause th	no event, however, may a restatutory minimum of third and will expire SIX (6) MON are application to become AB	eply be timely filed (30) days will be considered tim ITHS from the mailing date of this BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).								
1)🖂	Responsivé to communication(s) fi	led on <u>25 August 2</u>	<u>2003</u> .									
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This action	is non-final.									
3)	, 											
Dispositi	on of Claims											
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 5-19</u> is/are pending in the application.											
• —	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>5-19</u> is/ai											
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.											
6)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are rejected.											
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.											
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restr	iction and/or electi	on requirement.									
Applicati	on Papers											
9) 🔲 🤈	The specification is objected to by t	he Examiner.										
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.												
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).												
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).												
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.												
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120											
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).												
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.												
	2. Certified copies of the priorit	y documents have	been received in A									
	3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internat			received in this Nationa	al Stage							
* S	see the attached detailed Office act			received.								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.												
	 a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific 											
	cknowledgment is made of a claim ference was included in the first se											
Attachment	:(s)											
2) 🔲 Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)			Summary (PTO-413) Paper Noted Toler Noted Patent Application (P								

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on August 25, 2003 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Misiano et al. (5,462,779).

Regarding **claims 1** and **3**, Misiano et al. discloses a functional roll film comprising a transparent plastic film having gas properties (Fig. 1, #10 or Fig. 2, #20), and having an inorganic oxide layer on at least one surface (Fig. 1, #12 or #11, or Fig. 2, #21), wherein the maximum thickness of the inorganic oxide layer is clearly equal to or less than 1.5 times the minimum thickness of the inorganic oxide layer among layer thickness values measured in one roll unit of the plastic film, since the inorganic oxide layer is a completely uniform coating to a

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constant thickness (see col. 2, lines 19-21 and col. 4, lines 26-28). However, Misiano et al. fails to disclose the roll unit containing a film having a width of at least 400 mm and a length of at least 4,000 m and a width of at least 1,000 mm and a length of at least 15,000 m. One of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized the length and width of a packaging film to be sized depending on the object that is being packaged. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the packaging film of Misiano et al. be sized to having a width of at least 400 mm and a length of at least 4,000 m or a width of at least 1,000 mm and a length of at least 15,000 m, since the size would depend on the object being packaged. Furthermore, it has been held that claims directed to a lumber package "of appreciable size and weight requiring handling by a lift truck" were held unpatentable over prior art lumber packages which could be lifted by hand because limitations relating to the size of the package were not sufficient to patentably distinguish over the prior art. *In re Rose*, 220 F.2d 459, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955).

Regarding **claim 2**, note the inorganic oxide layer comprises a composite oxide layer having at least two components (Fig. 1, #11 or #12 and Fig. 2, #21), wherein the difference between a maximum wt% and a minimum wt% of one component of the composite oxide in the one roll unit of the plastic film is clearly within 20 wt%, since there is a uniform distribution of the two oxide components throughout its thickness (see col. 2, lines 19-21) and the inorganic oxide layer is a completely uniform coating to a constant thickness (see col. 4, lines 26-28).

4. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Imai et al. (US 5,378,506).

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Regarding claims 1 and 3, Imai et al. discloses a functional roll film comprising a transparent plastic film having gas properties (see col. 5, lines 54-61), and having an inorganic oxide layer on at least one surface (see col. 6, lines 36-41), wherein the maximum thickness of the inorganic oxide layer is clearly equal to or less than 1.5 times the minimum thickness of the inorganic oxide layer among layer thickness values measured in one roll unit of the plastic film, since the inorganic oxide layer is a uniform coating (see col. 3, lines 3-6 and col. 5, lines 57-60). However, Imai et al. fails to disclose the roll unit containing a film having a width of at least 400 mm and a length of at least 4,000 m and a width of at least 1,000 mm and a length of at least 15,000 m. One of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized the length and width of a packaging film to be sized depending on the object that is being packaged. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the packaging film of Imai et al. be sized to having a width of at least 400 mm and a length of at least 4,000 m or a width of at least 1,000 mm and a length of at least 15,000 m, since the size of the film would depend on the object being packaged. Furthermore, it has been held that claims directed to a lumber package "of appreciable size and weight requiring handling by a lift truck" were held unpatentable over prior art lumber packages which could be lifted by hand because limitations relating to the size of the package were not sufficient to patentably distinguish over the prior art. *In re Rose*, 220 F.2d 459, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955).

Regarding **claim 2**, note the inorganic oxide layer comprises a composite oxide layer having at least two components (see col. 6, lines 40-41), wherein the difference between a maximum wt% and a minimum wt% of one component of the composite oxide in the one roll

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unit of the plastic film is clearly within 20 wt%, since the inorganic oxide layer has a uniform thickness (see col. 3, lines 3-6) and is uniform in composition (see col. 4, lines 20-23).

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed August 25, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant states that "Misiano does not disclose, either expressly or inherently, a film having a thickness ratio of less than 1.5." However, as shown above in the 103 rejection Misiano clearly teaches a film having a thickness ratio of less than 1.5, since the inorganic oxide layer is a completely uniform coating (see col. 2, lines 19-21 and col. 4, lines 26-28).

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Catherine Simone whose telephone number is (703)605-4297. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Harold Pyon can be reached on (703) 308-4251. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9311.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

Catherine Simone

Examiner

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November 21, 2003

11/26/03